

TRI-WEEKLY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

VOL. 4.]

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, APRIL 25, 1854.

[NO. 22.

TRI-WEEKLY KENTUCKY YEOMAN,
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
S. I. M. MAJOR, JR.,
AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL, BROADWAY, ST.

TERMS:
copy, per annum, in advance, \$3 00
1 do. at the end of the year, 4 00
10 copies per annum, in advance, 25 00
THE WEEKLY YEOMAN is printed on a double-
medium sheet, fine paper, and with good types, at Two
DOLLARS per year in advance.

JOHN W. STEPHENS,
Plain and Fancy Painter
Paper Hanger, &c.,
FRANKFORT, KY.
All orders left at Latkett & Hampton's Book and
Shoe Store, will be promptly attended to.
March 17, 1853.

American Almanac, 1854
JUST received and for sale by
EVANS & CO.

EXPERIMENT BATHING.
THE undersigned, in order to bring the luxury of
Bathing, in the sense of the means of all, has concluded to
adopt the following rates:
15 CTS FOR THE ACTUAL CHANGE.
20 CTS WHEN CHANGE IS GIVEN.
30 CENTS CREDIT.

HENRY SAMUEL,
St. Clair st., opposite the Mansion House.
N. R. Gents can at all times have their boots and
shoes blacked in the most brilliant manner. H. S.
Dec. 10, 1853.

20 BUSHELS dried apricots;
10 bushels dried peaches;
10 bushels dried unpeeled peaches;
5 bushels dried unpeeled peaches, stones in;
1 bushel dried Damsons for pies, for sale by
Oct. 13. E. L. SAMUEL.

FINE JEWELRY,
DIAMOND JEWELRY,
Pure Silver Ware and Silver Plated Ware.

S. CUTLER & CO., Lexington, Ky., have now
in their usual Spring stock, all selected with
care and taste, and all the best quality. By the recent
arrival we have some beautiful Diamonds of Bailey
& Co.'s Philadelphia manufacture, full set in
Pearl, Emerald, &c., &c. - Fifteenth edition - just re-
ceived and for sale by W. M. TODD.

Weddings and Parties.
THE subscriber has just this day re-
ceived, from Philadelphia and Baltimore, the last
of his large stock of

WEDDING & PARTY ORNAMENTS,
and the largest lot of

TISSUES.
He has ever brought to this place, consisting in part, of
fine lace, 1 inch to 3 feet long. Fine Tulle, lace, &c.,
and all such articles as are usually kept in such es-
tablishments: Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Nuts of all
kinds; Hair Oils; Extracts of the finest grade; Perfume;
Bands, Emery, Celluloid, &c., &c. A great many articles
of various kinds, &c., &c.

Having in my employ a first rate Confectioner, en-
ables me to furnish Weddings and Parties in the finest
style and on the shortest notice, and most reasonable
terms.

Reasonable for past favors, he hopes to meet a continua-
tion of the same, by strict attention to business at
his stand, on St. Clair street, Frankfort, Ky.

Nov. 29, 1851. T. E. PIERS.

Books and Stationery.
A LARGE stock of Books and Stationery, for sale
Jan. 12. EVANS & CO.

LEMON SYRUP.
20 DOZEN Bottles, superior Lemon Syrup,
Manufactured and for sale by T. P. PIERS.

BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTORY
ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.

W. W. FOLLIS
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gen-
tlemen that he has commenced business in the
room formerly occupied by Dr. Munson, at a
dry store, where he will manufacture all kinds of
dry goods, gentlemen's and ladies' cloths, &c., &c.
He has an equal share of the finest material and work-
manship. All orders filled with neatness and dispatch,
he hopes, by unremitting attention to business, to re-
ceive a liberal share of public patronage.

W. W. FOLLIS, St. Clair Street.

July 7, 1854 - If.

NEW GOODS!
JOHN L. MOORE

I am now in receipt of an unusually large, handsome
and exceedingly desirable stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
rich in styles and variety. Were bought right; qual-
ities right, and to purchasers right prices.

March 21, 1854 - 6w.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

CORNER OF MAIN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS.
I. P. BLACKEWWL

Successor to R. W. Blackburn.

HAS just received by Express, dir. fr. the great
houses of the East, a beautiful assortment of Sta-
tions and Fancy Dry Goods, suitable for the present
season. They are selected with care, and certain refers
to the wants of his Frankfort friends and custom-
ers. He has one of the largest, tastiest and most gen-
erous assortments of articles in his line, ever offered
this place, and everybody together with their wife
and sweethearts are invited to call and examine hi

stock.

Spring & Summer Goods.
LADIES DRESS GOODS - Consisting of

Rich plain black silks,

Fancy plaid and striped silks,

White brocade silks,

Plain Berries,

Printed jacquards and lawns,

Plain lace de-laines,

Plaid ginghams,

Neck sash and bonnet ribbons,

Gray bouées,

Black and colored Linen rays,

Small white Laces,

Mantillas and Handkerchiefs,

Ladies English and spun silk hose,

Plain and dotted awls,

Clothes, Colors, Chemistries, Sleeves, Lace points,

Parasols, Ladies gloves of every description Fancy

Toilet articles, &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WER.

Black and fancy broadcloths,

Black and fancy cassimires,

Satin cloths, Vesting, Gloves,

Neck cloths, pocket handkerchiefs,

White and fancy, &c., &c.

FAIRLY-CLOTHES. Tabby linens, Shirts, Shirts, Ticks,

Sheeting, Diapers, Window Curtains, embroidery,

House curtains, napkins, Tydes, and Tailor's Trimmings,

and 100 other articles not named for want of space.

Also an assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS

of every style to suit all classes of purchasers.

He invites his friends and customers to call and ex-

amine his stock, as he is confident he can suit them in

quality of quality and price - as quick sales are

most profits are the word.

March 6, 1854 - If.

JOHN LONG

General Agent, and Newspaper Collector

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

All communications addressed to him at Frankfort

Kentucky, promptly attended to.

REMARKS.

W. T. Herndon, Sheriff, Franklin County.

Call Sam. Steele, Frankfort, H. T. Morris.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold my stock of goods to I. P. Blackwell,

I take pleasure in recommending him as every

way worthy of a liberal patronage, and hope that all

those who have honored me with their custom will do him

likewise.

E. W. BLACKBURN.

OCT. 29.

Beebe's Spring Style Hats.

FOR 1854.

JUST received and for sale a supply of Beebe's Spring

Style Hats, at

MARCH 2, 1854.

TODDS BOOK STORE.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT AT

BEEBE'S, 14 EAST FOURTH STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

For sale to Druggists everywhere.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS.

Country Dealers supplied at Proprietor's prices

by all Cincinnati Druggists.

Purchase none but "O. HALSTEIN'S Anti-Dyspeptic Pills."

The every box of the "Genuine Pills," has the name of

O. HALSTEIN" on the side label.

For sale in Frankfort, Ky., by CANNON & GAINES.

March 27, 1853 - If.

JOHN W. STEPHENS,

Plain and Fancy Painter

Paper Hanger, &c.,

FRANKFORT, KY.

All communications addressed to him at Frankfort

Kentucky, promptly attended to.

REMARKS.

W. T. Herndon, Sheriff, Franklin County.

Call Sam. Steele, Frankfort, H. T. Morris.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold my stock of goods to I. P. Blackwell,

I take pleasure in recommending him as every

way worthy of a liberal patronage, and hope that all

those who have honored me with their custom will do him

likewise.

E. W. BLACKBURN.

OCT. 29.

Beebe's Spring Style Hats.

FOR 1854.

JUST received and for sale a supply of Beebe's Spring

Style Hats, at

MARCH 2, 1854.

TODDS BOOK STORE.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT AT

BEEBE'S, 14 EAST FOURTH STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

For sale to Druggists everywhere.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS.

Country Dealers supplied at Proprietor's prices

by all Cincinnati Druggists.

Purchase none but "O. HALSTEIN'S Anti-Dyspeptic Pills."

The every box of the "Genuine Pills," has the name of

O. HALSTEIN" on the side label.

For sale in Frankfort, Ky., by CANNON & GAINES.

March 27, 1853 - If.

JOHN W. STEPHENS,

Plain and Fancy Painter

Paper Hanger, &c.,

FRANKFORT, KY.

All communications addressed to him at Frankfort

Kentucky, promptly attended to.

REMARKS.

W. T. Herndon, Sheriff, Franklin County.

Call Sam. Steele, Frankfort, H. T. Morris.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold my stock of goods to I. P. Blackwell,

I take pleasure in recommending him as every

way worthy of a liberal patronage, and hope that all

those who have honored me with their custom will do him

likewise.

E. W. BLACKBURN.

OCT. 29.

Beebe's Spring Style Hats.

FOR 185

This Paper is filed, and may be seen free of charge, at Holloway's Pill and Ointment Establishment, 244, Strand, London, where Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received for this paper.

THE DIFFERENCE.—In New Hampshire, the Democratic press, headed by the Concord Patriot, took early ground in favor of the Nebraska Bill, maintaining its principles before the people, and the result was that, although at the late election they were obliged to encounter the devotees of everyism upon the face of the earth united to overthrow them, yet a glorious triumph was won by the Democracy.

In Connecticut, the Democratic press, headed by the Hartford Times, broke ground against the Nebraska Bill, and the Democratic State Convention passed resolutions against it. The consequence was, they were badly beaten at the State election.

Let those who think it is party policy to oppose the Nebraska Bill explain, if they can, these different results in New Hampshire and Connecticut. It is always the safest to stand up boldly to the defence of Democratic principles.

There is now living, not far from St. Saver, (says the Memorial Bardsdale) an old military man who has a false leg and a false arm, both movable by means of springs; a glass eye, a complete set of false teeth, a nose of silver, covered with a substance perfectly resembling flesh, and a silver plate replacing part of the skull. He wears on his breast the cross of the Legion of Honor, won in the campaigns of Egypt, Italy, and Russia; he was also at Friendland, Jena, Austerlitz, Wagram, and Waterloo! What recollections of the past must there not crowd on the old man's memory as he sits in his chair by the fire side and 'fights his battle o'er again.'

A 'Fast' Town.—In 1850 the population of Cleveland, Ohio,—a few years before no town at all—was put down at 17,600. Now it is 50,000. That beats Louisville. It goes ahead of even Chicago.

INFORMATION WANTED BY A SISTER.—My two brothers lived in Clermont county, Ohio, about eight years ago; their names are Richard and Evan Hughes. Any information concerning either of them, would be gratefully received by their sister. Direct to M. C., Postmaster, Columbus.

On Monday night, says the Cincinnati Commercial, a singular robbery of a grocery-store was perpetrated on Everett street, between Cutler and Linn. The robbers drove a large wagon to the door, gained entrance by false keys, and besides getting \$25 in cash, actually took the time to load their vehicle with the bulky articles of sugar, rice, etc., etc.

Parke, sentenced to be hung in Summit county, Ohio, on the 26th of May next, for the murder of Beaston, will not be executed on that day, as a writ of error has been allowed, which postpones the execution of the sentence for an indefinite period.

The editor of the Smithland Post Boy had his thumb torn off a few days since by having his hand caught in a lathing machine.

SAFE TRAVELING.—The Ohio State Democrat, after grave and profound deliberation as to the untold sums which have been vainly expended in the endeavor to produce the invention which shall render railroad travel less liable to accidents, has arrived to the conclusion that the only way to make the travel perfectly safe, will be to dispense with the use of steam and run the cars by oxen.

Gen. Edwin Polk, uncle of the late President Polk, died recently at his residence in Tennessee, aged 86.

The Bourbon county Agricultural Society resolved, at its meeting on the 8th inst., to expend \$10,000 in the construction of an amphitheatre on the grounds of the Society, and for other improvements.

The Mayor of Portsmouth, (Eng.) has addressed a letter to every chief magistrate in England and Ireland, to raise a subscription for the wives of soldiers who have embarked for the Turkish war.

The Boston Transcript mentions a case of remarkable memory as follows:—We are acquainted with a young man, a clerk in this city, who once committed to memory in a single evening, a whole page of the New York Journal of Commerce and repeated the same with great exactness. In the company of a number of literary young men, he defied any one present to repeat a line of poetry from any standard work, the next line of which he could not recite, and also give the name of the author. Some hundreds of quotations were made, and in each instance the right author was named, and the connecting lines given.

ASSESSORS.—In separating the public from the local and private acts, for the purpose of publication, the following act was accidentally omitted in the publication of the former. It will be printed in the volume of the local and private acts:

An Act to increase the compensation of Assessors and to pay Sheriff's for reporting tax lists.

§ 1. That the amount allowed assessors for their services under article 6, chapter 83, of the Revised Statutes, entitled 'Revenue and Taxation,' shall be ten cents for each list of taxable property, to be paid as hereofore.

The sheriff shall be entitled to twenty-five cents for each list of taxable property that may be reported by him on or before the court of claims in any year, and which the assessor fails to report the year, and upon the sheriff's report thereof being approved by the county court and certified to the auditor, he shall draw his warrant on the treasurer in favor of the sheriff for the amount of the allowance hereby made.

[Approved March 10, 1854.]

Creditors never annoy a man as long as he is getting up in the world. A man of wealth only pays his butcher once a year. Let bad luck overtake him and his meat bill will come in every morning as regular as breakfast and hungry children.

CONVENTIONS NORTH AND SOUTH.—The Southern convention lately in session at Charleston, naturally suggests a comparison between assemblies of that nature in the North and similar bodies at the South. In point of numbers the Northern conventions have the advantage; we hear of at least a dozen conventions a year, and the leavy month of May usually witnesses the performances of some six or eight. At the South, one convention per annum seems to satiate the popular appetite for that style of amusement.—At the North, conventions are almost invariably radical movements, aiming at some impractical social reform. Thus we have conventions for the abolition of slavery, for the propagation of spirit rapping, for the suppression of liquor, for the assertion of women's rights, for the destruction of the Bible, for the establishment of a new religion, and so on. At the South, conventions are at least originated on a more practical basis. Theirs are called together to take counsel on the establishment of a direct trade with Europe, on the conversion of shallow sand-blocked harbors into great seaports, and similar subjects. There is another difference between the two. Northern conventions are seldom attended by men of practical worth and erulence. Their supporters are fanatics of every shade, reformed drunkards, and unreformed socialists, broken down politicians, and hair-brained talkers. In the South, the contrary leading men commonly think it worth while to be present at these periodical assemblies; and to undergo as much annoyance as the frivolity of their associates may inflict for the chance of confering some practical benefit on their country. This change, in point of fact is slender enough; it very rarely happens that any real good results from conventions North or South. Much time is consumed in talking; and most scrupulous attention is paid to punctilio and the rules of debate. Resolutions, highly patriotic in the South and highly philosophical in the North, are debated at length and occasionally carried, but as soon as the fist of the convention goes forth, the members seem to think that their task is complete. In this respect, we see but little difference between Northern and Southern conventions. After the work is done, however—it that can be called work which is seldom anything more than talk—the characteristic peculiarities of the two sections of the country generally develop themselves afresh. Northern conventions close either with a fight or with prayer. Southern conventions invariably with a dinner and a ball. In this respect, we think our brethren of the South have the advantage.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Jew.—The New York Times does nothing more than justice to the Jews in a recent article from which we quote.

Jews in NEW YORK.—There are said to be some 17,000 of the Jewish faith in the United States. Their churches number 31. Probably 6000 Jews are to be found in the city of New York. We seldom find one in our prisons or penitentiaries. They are not frequently found in our hospitals, and never in our poor houses. At Ward's Island, where so many hundreds of the poor drifting across from the shores of the Old World are continually gathering, we find all classes of Christians—Quakers perhaps excepted—and all shades of infidels represented, but never a Jew. When the Jewish emigrant arrives, he does not commit himself, though poverty has chased him from his old home, and met him on our wharf, to the Commissioner of Emigration, for the receipt of the assistance to which his communication entitles him; but he queries first, 'Is there a Jew?' His brother, found, leads him to the man who, by appointment of the synagogue, or otherwise, assumes the specific task of caring for such? Thirteen hundred tons of coal, we are told, have been given to the poor by the society of Israelites in New York during the present winter. This early and unfailing attention, of those who are able, to the wants of the poor, must greatly tend to prevent the commission of crime, since crime stalks in nowhere so surely, as when hunger and nakedness open the door, and want perpetually beckons on.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Sun.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 12th, 1854.

I have just been put in possession of some facts in reference to the movements of Alvarez at Acapulco.

It is my opinion that he is more than a match for Santa Anna. He has had several small battles, and has been victorious in each one, and has made Santa Anna and his satellites retreat with considerable loss.

The greatest excitement exist at Acapulco among the natives and foreigners. A great many Americans have joined Alvarez, and their rifles tell every time they are snapped, (and they are snapped pretty often,) and his forces are augmenting daily.

This is the first movement to put Santa Anna down. Depend upon it, he will loss his other life this time.

JAMES.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

The Senate is not in session.

House.—A bill authorizing the Post Master-General to contract for semi-monthly mails to California, was introduced and postponed until the 1st Monday in June.

The House went into committee on private bills and then adjourned until Monday.

PITTSBURG, April 22, M.

The river is stationary, with 13 feet water in channel. The weather warm with appearance of rain.

CINCINNATI, April 22, M.

The thermometer stands at 50 in the shade.

The American Union.

1607. Virginia first settled by the English.

1614. New York first settled by the Dutch.

1620. Massachusetts settled by the puritans.

1628. New Hampshire re-settled by the Puritans.

1634. Maryland settled by Irish Catholics.

1635. Connecticut settled by the Puritans.

1636. Rhode Island settled by Roger Williams.

1650. North Carolina settled by the English.

1682. Pennsylvania settled by Gen. Penn.

1733. Georgia settled by Gen. Oglethorpe.

1791. Vermont admitted into the Union.

1822. Kentucky " "

1835. Tennessee " "

1841. Ohio " "

1816. Indiana " "

1846. Florida " "

1845. Texas " "

1844. Iowa " "

1845. Wisconsin " "

1850. California " "

A REMARKABLE RECOGNITION.—The last Williamsburg (Va.) Gazette states that a short time ago, while Rufus's band, from Richmond, was playing at the Eastern Lunatic asylum in that place, for the gratification and amusement of the inmates, one of them, a negro woman, who had been confined to the hospital for many years, suddenly stepped forward, and pointing out a member of the band, exclaimed, 'There is my son whom I have not seen since he was two years old.' This musician was greatly surprised at first; but upon inquiring, he was convinced that his mother stood before him—a being that he had never before seen, and whom he had no recollection of ever having seen. We understand he had asked permission of the board of directors to have his parent restored to him, which was granted, and he has taken her home to Richmond, after confinement in the hospital twenty-three years.

DESPOTIC DESPATCH.—The working of the Egyptian government is simplicity itself. A short time ago the Pacha wished a road to be constructed, from one of his palaces to a station on the railroad. The requisite orders were issued to the governors of the districts through which it was to pass, the laborers were ordered out, and in six weeks the road, thirty miles long, forty feet wide, and eight feet high, was completed, and the Pacha's treasury not a sou poorer. This circumstance was narrated by Mr. Stephenson, the engineer, at a public dinner in Montreal a few days ago.

THE FIRE SAFETY-FET.—We are happy to learn, from our horticultural adviser, that he has been among the fruit trees and vines those peaches which caped the March freeze, are still in good condition; notwithstanding the severe frosts followed by bright sunshines on yesterday. Some of the cherries and pears look a little worse for their exposure, the plums will still feed the little Turk "of a curse!"—but the great dependence, the apple, is in a very good condition, and promise a profusion of deserts and dumplings for all Hoosierdom and elsewhere.—*Cin. Commercial.*

ED.—For eight years we have been afflicted with Dyspepsia, and since taking one box of DR. O. HALSTAD'S Pills, we have not felt that a vestige of the disease remained. Every day we have now classes, since taking of the pills, giving notice solely to the benefit of our readers, without any reward, for the money of the medicine. If the care should permanent, we intend to speak of the matter in detail hereafter, for you may be sure we feel like a glad hand, because of this sudden change that has come over us.

EDITOR OF THE REPUBLICAN.—Rising Sun, Ind.

Principal Depot at BURNETT & CO'S 13 East Fourth St., Cincinnati Ohio. Blackwell & Co. Agents.

A. H. OWEN.

JANE OWEN.

April 21 1854—4 in weekly

The Washington Union of the 16th comes to us in a new and beautiful dress. The type used is smaller than that laid aside, and the paper contains more matter than heretofore, although it always contained a vast amount. The number of the paper mentioned is the beginning of a new volume. The weekly paper is now published at one dollar a year, instead of two formerly, being reduced in size, to enable it to meet the change in price.

Whatever opinion some violent politicians may entertain of the character of the Union, we regard it as not only among the ablest papers in this country, but in many respects superior to any other. It is conducted with great industry, and is generally dignified, courteous, just, and discreet. An article in the number before us, in reference to military officers being employed in civil stations, seems to us to be unanswerable in the views it advances. It does not insist that it is proper as a permanent policy to employ them up to this period in a most triumphant manner.

The Union is eminently deserving of the confidence and support of the Democratic party.—*Lou. Times.*

Saint Patrick's CHURCH ROBBED AND SET ON FIRE.—About half past 3 o'clock this morning, watchman Foggs discovered a heavy volume of smoke issuing from St. Patrick's Church on the corner of Third and Mill Streets. He instantly gave the alarm of fire to the nearest engine-house, and then proceeded to force an entrance into the church for the purpose of saving property. When the doors were first opened, there was but little flame, and that was in the rear of the altar. The fire, however, burned rapidly, and soon blazed nearly to the ceiling. By the prompt application of water, by our ever-vigilant firemen, the flames were soon subdued, and the church edifice saved from destruction. The altar and the floors around and about it are much burned, and the walls and ceilings injured by smoke.

After the fire was extinguished it was found that the closets containing the silver vessels of the church, had been robbed, and the sacred utensils stolen. It was also discovered that one of the windows of the church had been partially raised, and was upheld by a piece of lath which had been placed under it. These facts leave no doubt but the church was entered by some sacrificial thieves, who, after having plundered the altar, endeavored to destroy the edifice.—*Cin. Times, Tuesday.*

HOW TO DETERMINE THE HEIGHT & CO.—*COLT WILL ATTAIN WHEN FULL GROWN.*—Mr. Jas. R. Martin, of Kingsland, Kentucky, gives out the following upon this point, which is certainly novel, and perhaps true.

I can tell you how any man may know within half an inch, the height a colt will attain to when full grown. The rule may not hold good in every instance, but nine out of ten it will.

When the colt gets to be three weeks old, or as soon as it is perfectly straightened in its limbs measure from the edge of the hair on the hoof to the middle of the first joint, and for every inch it will grow to the height of about four inches when its growth is matured. Thus if this distance be found sixteen inches, it will make a horse sixteen hands high. By this means a man may know something what sort of a horse, with proper care, he is to expect from his colt. Three years ago I bought two very shabby looking colts for twenty dollars each, and sold them recently for three hundred dollars. So much for knowing how to guess properly.

ANGER AS A PREVENTIVE.—As a preventive, anger banishes all tale-bearers and wanderers from your vicinity, for it is these that blow the bellows to rouse up the flames of rage and fury, by fist abusing your ears and then your credibility, and after that steal away your patience, and all this perhaps for a lie. To prevent anger be not too inquisitive into the affairs of others, or what people may say of yourself, or into the mistakes of your friends; for this is going out to gather sticks to kindle a fire to burn your own house.

WE LEARN FROM THE VICKSBURG SENTINEL OF April 14th, that the post-office at Jackson Mississipi, was entered on last Wednesday night and robbed of a considerable amount of money. It was the act of a young man who formerly acted as clerk in the office. He has been arrested, and admits the taking of \$60, though the postmaster says there is a much larger amount missing.

WE LEARN FROM THE VICKSBURG SENTINEL OF April 14th, that the post-office at Jackson Mississipi, was entered on last Wednesday night and robbed of a considerable amount of money. It was the act of a young man who formerly acted as clerk in the office. He has been arrested, and admits the taking of \$60, though the postmaster says there is a much larger amount missing.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE HENRY J. STARS A CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE OF APPELLATE JUDGE, at the 4th Appellate District, at the next election.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE BEN. F. CORNER— A candidate for Assessor of Franklin county at the August election next.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE JNO. J. SMITH A candidate for Assessor of Franklin county at the next August election.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE WM. F. GRAHAM a candidate for the office of Surveyor of Franklin county at the next August election.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE W. N. PERTT a candidate for Assessor of Franklin County, at the election in August next.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE A. G. ROBERTS a candidate for the office of Assessor in Franklin county, at the election in August next.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE SAMUEL PHILLIPS as a candidate for the office of Jailor, in Franklin county at the election in August next.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE HARRY B. INNES as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Franklin county at the ensuing August election.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE GEN. E. H. TOLK as a candidate for Jailer of Franklin county, at the next August election

The Cri-Weekly Yeoman,

We noticed in our last that Col. W. S. Rand had been engaged in an affair of honor—we now give the particulars as they appeared in the N.Y. Herald of the 15th inst:

Another Due.

The Ordinary Western Rifle as a Pacifier.

The age grows pugnacious; these "code of honor" is talked about as freely as the new code; all sorts of people, from Congressmen down to watch-stuffers, grow tender about their "reputation," and seem willing to let "bubble at the [pistol's] mouth." Hoboken—that classic ground—that paradise of nursery maids—that Elysium of cricketers—that enchanting center, from which radiate bad liquor, worse cigars, rickety carriages, half-cooked dinners, and stupid boat races—is the Fifteen Acres—the Chalk Farm—the Bois de Boulogne—the grand dwelling-ground of New York city.

The air is heavy with rumors of fights to come. The Cutting and Breckinridge fashions have incited all sorts of warlike individuals to deeds of "deadly note." Two Councilmen have quarreled over a most interesting subject, and one of them has "invited" the "code of honor" to purify the matter. A doughty "Colonel," who edits a small evening paper, has been challenged by a redoubtable "Captain," of the Bobadilla genus; who holds a government office. But the most amusing of all these affairs has taken place between a well known military gentleman from the South-west, a Democratic Leader and ex-Commissioner to the Crystal Palace, and a retired officer of the British army. In order to preserve the distinction between the gentlemen, we shall call the Western gentleman "the Colonel," and the Englishman "the Captain."

It appears that the Colonel is a very popular gentleman with both sexes, and his position gave him a place in the *haute society*, in which he made quite a sensation, and various and sundry conquests were alleged to have been made by him. The Captain visited in the same society, and, as it is said, became jealous of the Colonel's popularity. The Colonel returned to the Southwest, and while there unpleasant rumors reached him from the East. As he approached the East the rumors became stronger, and he finally succeeded in ascertaining that the Captain was the author of certain charges reflecting upon his moral character, which had been carried to all his friends with the usual rapidity which belongs to bad news.

The Captain sat in his parlor at the Hotel, wrapped up in his dignity and his *robe de chambre*. His card was presented. The Colonel did not linger behind the pasteboard. He demanded an immediate retraction and written apology; the Captain declined. Whereupon the Colonel did then and there, *boom, boom, ev' er treat*, the aforesaid Captain, the aforesaid Captain's nasal organ received a violent contusion, and hemorrhage ensued; and finally, to sum up, the aforesaid Captain received a severe "blow from the foot behind," all those several demonstrations being from the hands and feet appertaining to *Colonel* —, and given in anger upon the body of Captain —, he, the Colonel, strove hard, and wilfully being the author of said warlike demonstration.

The Colonel took a cold bath and dressed for dinner. The Captain put his feet in hot water, soaked his head, beef-steaked his eye, patched his nose, and induced a challenge to his assailant. Mr. —— bore the missile to the "Colonel." No apology, of course, could be given or received.

Colonel —— said nothing would give him greater pleasure, didn't know before what he should do with his afternoon; happy that the Captain had put him in a way to enjoy it—had never had Hoboken as the place; three, past meridian as the hour; the ordinary Western rifle as the weapon; Mr. —— was his friend. Mr. ——, allow me to present Mr. ——. "Glad to see you all, gentlemen, and won't you take a glass of wine?"

The eventful hour approached. The Hoboken ferry-boat was just leaving her slip, when down came the Colonel with his friend and servant, bearing the "ordinary Western rifle." They crossed. They repaired to the place of meeting. In vain did they look for the other principal—the valorous Captain had quailed before the ordinary "Western rifle." After waiting an hour or two, the ordinary "Western rifle" was restored to its ease, and the Colonel with the two seconds returned to town.

The rage of the Colonel was boundless, and so frightened was the lamb-like Captain, that he made a written retraction of all the charges against the Colonel, and accepted the beating, kicking, and so forth *quod pro quo*.

That's all, and the moral is, that one should be careful with his tongue, and more particularly when South-western Colonels are under consideration. The affair caused considerable ferment at the time. The ordinary "Western rifle" is a great "institution."—N. Y. Herald, 16th.

DYOPHORA.—THREE CHILDREN BITTEN.—A HEARTLESS MAN.—The Western New Yorker gives the following account of a sad occurrence in the town of Ripley, in Chautauqua county:

We learn from a private source, that Mr. Wells residing in the town of Ripley, had a child 18 months old bitten by a rabid dog one day last week, which caused its death shortly after. Also, two other children, the names of whom we have not learned, were immediately taken to Buffalo for medical assistance. The particulars of the affair, as far as we can learn, are as follows:—It appears that on a day or two previous, a man came along with a dog which Mr. Wells wished to purchase, but the owner refused to part with him. He proceeded on his journey but a short distance, before the animal was attacked by another dog, evidently rabid and bitten severely.—The owner seeing this, and fearing that he should be compelled to part with his dog without any renumeration whatever, immediately returned to the house of said Wells, and concluded to part with the dog. Mr. W. seemed to take a particular fancy to the animal, and without hesitating a moment paid for the dog, and permitted him to run at liberty through the house. A few days afterwards the dog showed symptoms of hydrophobia, and while in a fit, bit one of the children. In a few days the child began to show symptoms of the disease by biting its own arms in a horrible manner, leaving the bone almost destitute of flesh, and died in a short time. This sad affair led Mr. W. to believe that he had made rather a dangerous bargain, and instantly proceeded to destroy the dog, lest he might do further damage but did not succeed in killing the animal until he had bitten two other children. We understand that the former owner of the dog has been arrested; but have not learned the particulars of the trial.

Last Sunday night two prisoners made their escape from the jail of Jefferson county, Indiana. They had burned a hole through the ceiling and roof of the jail, and when the first favorable night came, took advantage of it, and left. There was nothing particularly extraordinary in this, but there was in the fact that one of the prisoners remained in the cell, where he was found by the jailor the next morning, when he brought the prisoners their breakfast. When asked why he did not go with the others, he replied, he was ignorant of any crime, and did not intend to bring suspicion upon himself by running away. The most extraordinary part of the affair is, that both the prisoners have voluntarily returned to the jail. One came back on Tuesday morning, and the other on Wednesday morning.

WINECELLARS, WATER COOLERS.—These are again at hand when the use of ice becomes an essential to the comfort and health of every family.

The undersigned has for several years past been engaged in the manufacture of various kinds of article and utensils much used lately in preference to those known to be of great utility, economy and convenience, most bringing them into every general use. They have been introduced into every house-keeper. The fact is, that the house-keepers have been most anxious to have something to do with these articles, and have brought out to that purpose. The convenience of always having ICE WATER ready for drinking, is fully appreciated by those who have used this article, and find it a great convenience to have it for use in the kitchen, and for many other purposes.

To merchants and others buying to sell, a liberal discount is made. Those who buy and ship to any part of the country will receive a good discount.

GEO. D. WINCHELL, Manufacturer, Cor. Race & Columbia sts., April 15, 1854.

FINE CUTLERY.—BODIGER'S, Westmoreland's and Crook's fine *Pen & Pocket Knives*, many new patterns; *Wade & Butcher's unequalled and justly celebrated pattern frame Razors*, warranted; various sizes and Patterns Scissors. A large supply at TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—We have had a number of new books in our stock of Miscellaneous Books, and have pleasure in inviting all our friends and customers to give us a call.

Arrangements have been made by which we can receive books in the shortest time from our Eastern houses; therefore leave your orders.

W. M. TODD.

Hurd's Golden Gloss.—FOR THE HAIR.—Among the many preparations for the hair, we have the *Hurd's Golden Gloss*, taken in hand. These preparations will be new to us, as it is universally used and preferred to all others. It has proved to be the most effective in Baldness, 2nd. Because it imparts a beautiful dark gloss and delightful perfume to the hair. 3d. Because the ladies, who fine themselves up, will all prefer this to all others. Many other reasons could be given why it is a great favorite, but those who want more have only to give it a trial. Price 25 cents in large bottles. For sale by Lligg's, 100 Broadway, New York.

W. H. HURD, Proprietor, 364 Broadway, N. Y.

LADIES' SHOES.—A part of our stock of Ladies' Shoes have come in hand; but as it is, we think we can suit them, as we have received some very neat styles. Our stock of

MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., as good as could be desired, and think we can please the most fastidious. It gives us pleasure to show our stock, and invite those in want of good articles to give us a call.

PAINTS.—*W. M. TODD.*

Our shades and colors just received at CANNON & GAINES.

A Liquor Law has passed the Ohio Senate, by eighteen yeas to eleven nays.

THE Magnetic Telegraph Lines in America extend over forty-one thousand miles, and cost nearly seven million dollars to build. The Telegraph Companion sets down the various lines as follows: Morse line wires, 36,972 miles; House, 3,850 miles; Bain, 570 miles. Total, 41,392 miles. The capital stock in the Morse lines is \$5,545,800; House, \$955,000; Bain, \$771,000. Total capital stock, \$6,671,300.

Dr. Macaulay, of Louisiana, has been appointed Consul for Venice and the Adriatic ports, which belong to the Lombardo-Venetian Republic.

THE age grows pugnacious; these "code of honor" is talked about as freely as the new code; all sorts of people, from Congressmen down to watch-stuffers, grow tender about their "reputation," and seem willing to let "bubble at the [pistol's] mouth." Hoboken—that classic ground—that paradise of nursery maids—that Elysium of cricketers—that enchanting center, from which radiate bad liquor, worse cigars, rickety carriages, half-cooked dinners, and stupid boat races—is the Fifteen Acres—the Chalk Farm—the Bois de Boulogne—the grand dwelling-ground of New York city.

The air is heavy with rumors of fights to come. The Cutting and Breckinridge fashions have incited all sorts of warlike individuals to deeds of "deadly note." Two Councilmen have quarreled over a most interesting subject, and one of them has "invited" the "code of honor" to purify the matter. A doughty "Colonel," who edits a small evening paper, has been challenged by a redoubtable "Captain," of the Bobadilla genus; who holds a government office. But the most amusing of all these affairs has taken place between a well known military gentleman from the South-west, a Democratic Leader and ex-Commissioner to the Crystal Palace, and a retired officer of the British army. In order to preserve the distinction between the gentlemen, we shall call the Western gentleman "the Colonel," and the Englishman "the Captain."

It appears that the Colonel is a very popular gentleman with both sexes, and his position gave him a place in the *haute society*, in which he made quite a sensation, and various and sundry conquests were alleged to have been made by him. The Captain visited in the same society, and, as it is said, became jealous of the Colonel's popularity. The Colonel returned to the Southwest, and while there unpleasant rumors reached him from the East. As he approached the East the rumors became stronger, and he finally succeeded in ascertaining that the Captain was the author of certain charges reflecting upon his moral character, which had been carried to all his friends with the usual rapidity which belongs to bad news.

The Captain sat in his parlor at the Hotel, wrapped up in his dignity and his *robe de chambre*. His card was presented. The Colonel did not linger behind the pasteboard. He demanded an immediate retraction and written apology; the Captain declined. Whereupon the Colonel did then and there, *boom, boom, ev' er treat*, the aforesaid Captain, the aforesaid Captain's nasal organ received a violent contusion, and hemorrhage ensued; and finally, to sum up, the aforesaid Captain received a severe "blow from the foot behind," all those several demonstrations being from the hands and feet appertaining to *Colonel* —, he, the Colonel, strove hard, and wilfully being the author of said warlike demonstration.

The Colonel took a cold bath and dressed for dinner. The Captain put his feet in hot water, soaked his head, beef-steaked his eye, patched his nose, and induced a challenge to his assailant. Mr. —— bore the missile to the "Colonel." No apology, of course, could be given or received.

Colonel —— said nothing would give him greater pleasure, didn't know before what he should do with his afternoon; happy that the Captain had put him in a way to enjoy it—had never had Hoboken as the place; three, past meridian as the hour; the ordinary Western rifle as the weapon; Mr. —— was his friend. Mr. ——, allow me to present Mr. ——. "Glad to see you all, gentlemen, and won't you take a glass of wine?"

The eventful hour approached. The Hoboken ferry-boat was just leaving her slip, when down came the Colonel with his friend and servant, bearing the "ordinary Western rifle." They crossed. They repaired to the place of meeting. In vain did they look for the other principal—the valorous Captain had quailed before the ordinary "Western rifle." After waiting an hour or two, the ordinary "Western rifle" was restored to its ease, and the Colonel with the two seconds returned to town.

The rage of the Colonel was boundless, and so frightened was the lamb-like Captain, that he made a written retraction of all the charges against the Colonel, and accepted the beating, kicking, and so forth *quod pro quo*.

That's all, and the moral is, that one should be careful with his tongue, and more particularly when South-western Colonels are under consideration. The affair caused considerable ferment at the time. The ordinary "Western rifle" is a great "institution."—N. Y. Herald, 16th.

DYOPHORA.—THREE CHILDREN BITTEN.—A HEARTLESS MAN.—The Western New Yorker gives the following account of a sad occurrence in the town of Ripley, in Chautauqua county:

We learn from a private source, that Mr. Wells residing in the town of Ripley, had a child 18 months old bitten by a rabid dog one day last week, which caused its death shortly after. Also, two other children, the names of whom we have not learned, were immediately taken to Buffalo for medical assistance. The particulars of the affair, as far as we can learn, are as follows:—It appears that on a day or two previous, a man came along with a dog which Mr. Wells wished to purchase, but the owner refused to part with him. He proceeded on his journey but a short distance, before the animal was attacked by another dog, evidently rabid and bitten severely.—The owner seeing this, and fearing that he should be compelled to part with his dog without any renumeration whatever, immediately returned to the house of said Wells, and concluded to part with the dog. Mr. W. seemed to take a particular fancy to the animal, and without hesitating a moment paid for the dog, and permitted him to run at liberty through the house. A few days afterwards the dog showed symptoms of hydrophobia, and while in a fit, bit one of the children. In a few days the child began to show symptoms of the disease by biting its own arms in a horrible manner, leaving the bone almost destitute of flesh, and died in a short time. This sad affair led Mr. W. to believe that he had made rather a dangerous bargain, and instantly proceeded to destroy the dog, lest he might do further damage but did not succeed in killing the animal until he had bitten two other children. We understand that the former owner of the dog has been arrested; but have not learned the particulars of the trial.

Last Sunday night two prisoners made their escape from the jail of Jefferson county, Indiana. They had burned a hole through the ceiling and roof of the jail, and when the first favorable night came, took advantage of it, and left. There was nothing particularly extraordinary in this, but there was in the fact that one of the prisoners remained in the cell, where he was found by the jailor the next morning, when he brought the prisoners their breakfast. When asked why he did not go with the others, he replied, he was ignorant of any crime, and did not intend to bring suspicion upon himself by running away. The most extraordinary part of the affair is, that both the prisoners have voluntarily returned to the jail. One came back on Tuesday morning, and the other on Wednesday morning.

W. H. HURD, Proprietor, 364 Broadway, N. Y.

LADIES' SHOES.—A part of our stock of Ladies' Shoes have come in hand; but as it is, we think we can suit them, as we have received some very neat styles. Our stock of

MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., as good as could be desired, and think we can please the most fastidious. It gives us pleasure to show our stock, and invite those in want of good articles to give us a call.

PAINTS.—*W. M. TODD.*

Our shades and colors just received at CANNON & GAINES.

A Liquor Law has passed the Ohio Senate, by eighteen yeas to eleven nays.

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

A. SONNABERG

Has just opened the best selection of

FINE CLOTHING

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

To which he most respectfully asks the attention of all who wish to purchase

GOOD CLOTHING, WELL MADE UP.

He deems it unnecessary to enumerate articles; but would simply inform the public that his stock embraces all grades of

GENTLEMEN'S YOUTH'S & BOY'S CLOTHING.

All of which will sell at such prices as will give satisfaction to purchasers.

April 14, 1854.

LATEST ARRIVAL!

WEILER & GETZ,

AT THE

Great Western Clothing Store,

No. 3, Brown's Building, Saint Clair Street,

FRANKFORT, KY.

Has just received the largest and most complete assortment of ready-made

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

ever offered in this city. They would respectfully invite their friends and the public generally to view their stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they think it most trouble to show their goods, and feel confident of finding all who may favor them with a call, and a price.

We also call the attention of gentlemen of taste to our large and well selected stock of FURNISHING GOODS such as fine Shirts, Drawers, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, &c., &c., all of which can be purchased in quality and price.

Having a large wholesale establishment of our own in Cincinnati, our facilities are such as to give our customers the best inducements of any house in the West. Call and see for yourself; it will be to your interest.

WEILER & GETZ.

NOTICE.

CHAS. B. GETZ, alone, is authorized to collect and receipt for the debts due to us.

April 14, 1854.

DISPOSITION NOTICE.

THE undersigned heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business under the name of J. Harkins & Green, Esq., was this day dissolved, and the firm of P. Harkins is authorized to make settlements due to the firm.

P. HARKINS. J. HARKINS.

NOTICE.

CHAS. B. GETZ, alone, is authorized to collect and receipt for the debts due to us.

April 14, 1854.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE undersigned heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business under the name of J. Harkins

NEW GOODS.
RICH, RARE AND BEAUTIFUL!!
B. F. JOHNSON,
SAINT CLAIR STREET, ADJOINING THE POST OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, KY.

I am now receiving and opening the most elegant assortment of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
ever offered in Frankfort. His stock was selected by himself in person, from some of the finest stocks in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, and presents unusual attractions. The styles of Fancy Goods—being of the very latest, are both rich and beautiful. His stock is the largest ever opened in this place. In the assortments which the attention of the Ladies' is particularly invited, will be found—

Rich Agate and Cameo Striped Silks;
Medallion and Column Striped Silks;
Glacia Striped Neapolitan, Plain Glacia;
Plaid Silks, in great variety;
Black Satin National, Black Gros De Royal.
Black Gros De Rhine, Black Taffeta;
White Rept Silks, White Broaded Silks;
Lupins Classics, assorted colors;
Black Plaid Twisted Silk Grenades;
Black Plain and Striped Grenades, Organ-
dines;
Printed JACKETS and MUSLINS;
Printed and Plaid Berages, Plain Berages;
Lace finished Paris Mantillas;
Extra rich trimmed Mantillas; Black Silk Lace
Points;
French Worked Collars, French Worked
Sleeves;
French Worked Chemisettes;
Honiton and Maltese Collars, Sleeves, Chemi-
ssets;

Point Lace Collars;
Honiton and Maltese Lace;
Silk Tulle Illusions, Sash and Bonnet Ribbons;
Satin and Mantua Ribbons, Rapos Kid Gloves;
Gingham Lawns, Damask Table Linens,
Damask Towels, Damask Napkins;
Royal Turkish Towels;
White and Colored Marcellas Quilts;
Furniture Dimity, Irish Linen, Chinizes;
Fancy Paints, &c.;
Silk, Lisle Thread and Cotton Hosiery;
Children's Hosiery, in great variety;
Gloves, Parasols, and Bonnets;
Wove Tucks, and Shirting Stripes;
Trimmings, Braid, &c.; &c.;
In the stock of Gentleman's wear will be
found,

Superior Black French Cloths;
Superior Black Cassimere;
Superior Black Grenadines;
Drap de Ete, Farmer's Satin;
Cravats, Haukehert's Gloves;
Linens Drillings, Marcellas Vestings;
A large assortment of Cottontops;
Striped and Plaid Cotton, &c.; &c.;
Call early and secure the "gems."

Terms as favorable as can be had of any house
in the West.

Frankfort, Ky., March, 1854—3m.

Georgetown Herald copy to amount of \$5, and
charge this office.

"THE BOY WHO WAS TRAINED UP
TO BE A CLERGYMAN," by Rev. J. N. Nor-
ton. Just received and for sale at EVANS & CO'S
Book and Shoe Store. Feb. 7

WILLIAM MORRIS,
JOHN J. HAMPTON,

MORRIS & HAMPTON
HAVE just opened in the room formerly occupied by
J. B. Lanning, on St. Clair street, next door to
Person's Confectionary, a large and well selected as-
sortment of
Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps

Just imported from the East, and equaling if not sur-
passing, in variety, elegance of staple and *newness* any
ever before offered in this market. These articles
are all new, having been imported from the
most famous manufacturers of Philadelphia and
New York, and are 'warent' of the best workman-
ship and a la mode in pattern. The attention of pur-
chasers is particularly invited to their unrivaled assortment
of FANCY BOOTS for both men and women, and
to their superb stock of CAPS, of every shape and hue, from the *recherché* white silk
ventilated head piece, as light, airy and poetic as a
fairy's dream, to the woolen skullcap, or a 20 cent straw
hat. Their stock of

Books and Stationery

is large and well selected. The public are invited to
call and examine this stock of goods, and if they desire to
purchase new and good articles, will do so at
their advantage.

Frankfort, March 21, 1854—1f.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
M. BARSTOW,
Corner of Broadway and St. Clair streets,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

Has just received a full stock of **SPRING & SUM-
MER CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
CAPS, GLOVES, &c.** which will sell as low
for cash as they can be had in this city.

He also keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of
HOME-MADE CLOTHING,
cut and made in the best style, which will sell cheap
Call and examine his stock April 4, 1854

Salamander Safes.

The name of Salamander was first applied to WIL-
DER'S safe, and introduced by the subscriber in
1840, who in 1844 purchased the right to manufacture.
The superiority of Herring's (Wilder's) Salamander
Safes over all others induced many to infringe upon
the patent right by making the competition; but these
articles were of poor quality, and made inferior article,
imitating the exterior in form, style, color of stamping,
and attaching the name "Salamander." Improved
Salamander," Fire Proof Salamander, "The Genuine
Salamander," &c., &c., and have succeeded in putting
off some of the inferior articles, but still there is a
large number of them in circulation.

Those Safes which should take the precaution to see that they
have upon them a metal plate—"Sils C. Herring, Ma-
ker," all such being the genuine (Wilder's) Salamander
Safe, and those having the Patent (Salmon) Safe, which received the medal at the Great World's
Fair, and which have never failed to preserve the
contents in case of fire. Purchasers can select from the
largest assortment in the world by calling at the sale
room of

SILAS C. HERRING,
135, 137, and 139 Water, cor. of Pine streets.

N. B.—Chilled iron safes, with powder proof locks
manufactured expressly for jewelers, brokers
and other respectable dealers everywhere. Sold by CANNON & GAINES, Frankfort.

Feb. 2.

**CINCINNATI HYDROPATHIC
O.R.**

WATER CURE ESTABLISHMET.

The Cincinnati Water Cure is located five miles
from the city, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton
Railroad, a few rods from Cartwright Depot.

This large and flourishing Institution is not excelled
in its location, beauty of scenery, and convenience
of access, &c. The buildings are large and splendid, with
the best internal arrangements for the successful treat-
ment of all forms of disease. The bath rooms (9 in number)
are all well supplied with pure soft spring water,
and contain all the various kinds of bath necessary in
most cases of disease. The water is drawn from
Concord, 2 Blankets, 2 Coarse Sheets, Towels, &c. They
will be furnished at the cure for 50 cents per week.

1 Terms for Board, Medical Services, and all ordinary
attendance, from \$10 to 10 dollars per week, payable
in advance. Payment partly under treatment will be
charged 2 dollars per day. Three dollars will be charged
for the first examination.

For further particulars address

D. A. FEASE, M.D.,
Cynthian, Hamilton county, Ohio.

This Institution will be open summer and winter,
for the reception of patients. March 14, 1854.

**EVANS & CO'S
Boot, Shoe & Book Store.**

HUMPHREY EVANS & E. H. TAYLOR, Jr., have
purchased the stores of **Boots, Shoes
Books, &c.,** of Luckett & Hampton, the business will be conducted by Mr. Evans at the old stand
under the title of

EVANS & CO.

Having sold our stock of goods to H. Evans &
Co, we cheerfully recommend them to our former
customers. Jan. 5, 1854.

LUCKETT & HAMPTON

On and after the 1st day of November, Trains will
leave Louisville and Lexington daily, (Sundays excepted); as follows:

Leave Louisville 6 A. M., arrive at Frankfort 9:30,
and arrive at Lexington 11 A. M.

Leave Frankfort 1 P. M., arrive at Louisville 3:30,
and arrive at Lexington 5 P. M.

Leave Lexington 6 A. M., arrive at Frankfort 7:50,
and arrive at Louisville 10 A. M.

Leave Lexington 2:30 P. M., arrive at Frankfort 3:30,
and arrive at Louisville 5 P. M.

JAS' M. GILL, Sup't. Lex. & F. R. R.
JAS' M. GAMBLE, Sup't. Lou. & F. R. R.
Nov. 1, 1853—1f.

**Proclamation by the Governor
\$200 REWARD.**

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that
William R. Patton, Esq., did, on the 19th day of
December, 1853, kill and murder John Anderson,
of the name of Anderson, in Powell county, and fled
from justice, and that said Patton is now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor of
the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said John Patton and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 17th day of February, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By GRANT GREEN, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$150 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$150 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to be affixed, Done at Frank-
fort, the 31st day of March, 1854, and in the 62nd
year of the Commonwealth. L. W. POWELL,
By J. P. METCALF, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION
BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD.

In the name and by the authority of the Com-
monwealth of Kentucky.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that
ASHBERRY VANDIVIER did, on the 2nd day
of January, 1854, kill and murder George Stephen,
and George Stephen, and has fled from justice and is
now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, LAZARUS W. POWELL, Governor
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby issue
TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension
of said Ashberry Vandivier, and his delivery to the Jai-
ler of Powell county, within one year from this date,

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-
by set my hand, and caused to